Government of Punjab Department of Health & Family Welfare

(NHM, Punjab)

No. 3129 (R) - 3136 (R)

Dated, Chandigarh the 24th April, 2020

To

- 1. All the Special Chief Secretary/ Additional Chief Secretary/ Financial Commissioners / Principal Secretaries/ Administrative Secretaries to the Govt. of Punjab.
- 2. All the Head of the Department of the Govt. of Punjab.
- 3. All the Commissioners of the Divisions.
- 4. All the Commissioners of Police.
- 5. All the Deputy Commissioners/ District and Session Judges of the State
- 6. Registrar General, Punjab and Haryana High Court
- 7. All Senior Superintendents of Police
- 8. The Secretary, Punjab Vidhan Sabha.

Subject: Advisories regarding the use of Air-conditioning in Residential/Commercial and Hospital Settings in wake of COVID-19 pandemics.

Corona virus Disease 2019 (COVID -19) is a systemic disease caused by a novel Corona virus (SARS-CoV-2), transmitted in most instances through respiratory droplets, direct contact with cases and also through contaminated surfaces/objects. Though the virus survives on environmental surfaces for a varied period of time, it gets easily inactivated by chemical disinfectants. Thus, correct and timely information and knowledge about the corona virus is the key to control the pandemic.

With the onset of summer season in the past few weeks, concerns with regard to the safety and usage of Air conditioners/coolers etc. in the wake of COVID-19 pandemics have been raised. The Air-conditioning systems generally work on the principle of re-circulating the air inside the room and in the current COVID-19 situation, there are apprehensions that the air conditioning poses a threat to other people especially in large facilities such as malls, offices, hospitals, health centres etc.

The State has therefore decided to come up with an advisory to allay all such apprehensions and concerns with regard to safety and usage of Air conditioning/coolers etc. in different settings. The guidelines for usage of air conditioning in various settings is as follows:

SECTION A: RESIDENTIAL APPLICATIONS

1. Room Air Conditioners(Window/Split):

- a) Recirculation of cool air by Room Air Conditioners must be accompanied by outdoor air intake through slightly open windows and exhaust by natural exfiltration.
- b) The room temperature should be set between 24-27 degrees Celsius and the relative humidity should be maintained between 40% 70%.
- c) The Air conditioners should be serviced often so as to keep the filters clean.
- d) Exhaust fans can be installed in the rooms containing a large number of people so as to create a negative pressure in the room and ensure the entry of fresh air in the premises.
- e) The circulated air inside the room should be vented out frequently.

2. Evaporative/Desert Air Coolers:

- a) It is advisable to prevent dust entry and maintain hygiene. Evaporative cooler tanks must be cleaned and disinfected and the water drained and refilled frequently.
- b) *Disinfection of Air Coolers:* The evaporative air coolers must be cleaned and disinfected at regular intervals. The water tank should be emptied and then wiped gently with a soft cloth, sponge and warm water to eliminate moldy residue that may have built up since the previous cleaning. The tank can also be washed with mild soapy water and then flushed out with clean water.
 - For the cooling pads and air vents, a mixture of 50-50 water and vinegar should be used to soak and rinse the pads and the vents.
- c) Evaporative coolers must draw air from outside to ensure good ventilation.

3. **Fans:**

- a) Fans should be operated with windows kept partly open.
- b) If an exhaust fan is located at a nearby location then it must be kept running to exhaust air for better ventilation.

SECTION B: COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES

- 1. The best action to limit the risk of spread of COVID-19 infection through air is to ventilate the indoor environments with outdoor air as much as possible.
- 2. Mechanical ventilation systems and air conditioning systems, which provide ventilation, can perform this function more effectively than simply opening the windows, because they improve the quality of the outdoor air with filtration.
- 3. If fresh air is not provided, it is advisable to introduce a fresh air duct attached to a central inline fan filter unit and distribute the fresh air by grilles into the space or near the indoor units in case of multiple cassette or multiple hi-wall units.
- 4. A minimum fresh air volume of 3 cubic meter/hour per person and 3.75 cubic meter per hour per square metre (5 cfm per person and 0.6 cfm per sq ft) is recommended.
- 5. In case of ducted fan-coiled and air handling units, fresh air must be provided by an inlet duct and fan.
- 6. In buildings without mechanical ventilation systems, it is recommended to actively use operable windows.
- 7. In case of re-circulating system, it is advisable to limit the return air circulation. The return air system could be converted to an exhaust system.

SECTION C: HEALTHCARE FACILITIES

- 1. In healthcare settings, the probability of spread of infection is higher especially in COVID-19 wards or isolation centres.
- 2. It is therefore recommended that the air-conditioning system in these facilities should be isolated and different from rest of the hospital or the building so as to prevent the recirculation of air which may be containing the droplet nuclei having virus.
- 3. In certain settings, where a separate air conditioning is not possible/feasible, exhaust air is likely to contain particles carrying the virus and hence a suitable technique should be deployed to prevent the spread of infections. The treatment of exhaust air can be done by HEPA filtration or by chemical disinfection of the exhaust air from COVID-19 patient room by bubbling the exhaust air through a "Diffused air aerator tank" (preferably of non-metallic material) holding a 1% sodium hypochlorite solution.
- 4. Exhaust Air can also be treated by exposing it for 45 minutes to a temperature of 75° *Celsius* to inactivate the SARS-CoV.
- 5. Similarly, an UVC (254 nm wavelength) irradiation with an exposure time of 15 minutes at irradiation intensity of 4016 μW/Cm² results in complete inactivation of SARS-CoV.
- 6. Due to the possibility of presence of active viral particles on the exhaust systems, it is advised to follow suitable personal and environment protection protocols during any maintenance activity on the exhaust system.
- 7. In resource constrained settings, certain make-shift Isolation enclosures can be designed to provide the necessary protection from the COVID-19 viral particles. This could be a temporary makeshift cubicle or tent constructed out of a skeleton structure (of plastic or metal) and plastic sheet or canvas covering.
- 8. A quarantine centre shall be well ventilated and preferably be maintained at a negative or neutral differential pressure. When mechanical ventilation is resorted to, it shall be a once through system (non- recirculatory system) that provides a "clean to dirty" (towards the patient and away to the exhaust) air flow pattern.

- 9. Preventive maintenance on all units as per the manufacturer's guidelines shall be ensured.

 This should include disinfecting and cleaning of:
 - i) Filters, grilles, diffusers & internal surfaces: It is recommended to use 5% Cresol solution (containing 50% Cresol and 50% Liquid soap solution) for the purpose of disinfection. Mix 1 liter of this solution in 9 liters of water. The surface shall be sprayed with this solution, left for 10 minutes and then washed / wiped clean with water / cloth. (the above methodology is only for washable filters)
 - ii) Condensate drain pan: Disinfecting / treatment of condensate drain pan is suggested using UV treatment or 1% sodium hypochlorite dosing. This will apply only if the HVAC equipment is working on a re-circulatory mode.
 - iii) Coils: Follow standard recommendations of coil cleaning and then sanitize using the same protocol as that of the filters specified above.

The fresh air and ventilation system should be kept on throughout the off cycle and on the weekend and holidays in air circulation mode.

SECTION D: OFFICES

1. The offices use different types of air conditioning, ie, Window/ Split air conditioners to centralized air conditioning to coolers during summer seasons. The employers are advised to refer to relevant section in this advisory depending upon the type of air conditioning installed in their offices.

> Secretary Health & Mission Director, NHM, Punjab

No. 3137 (R) - 3138 (R)

Dated, Chandigarh the 24th April, 2020

- 1. A copy is forwarded to OSD to Chief Secretary, Punjab for the kind information of Worthy Chief Secretary please.
- 2. A copy is forwarded to PS to PSHFW, Punjab for the kind information of Principal Secretary, Health & Family Welfare.

Secretary Health & Mission Director, NHM, Punjab

No. 3139 (R) - 3145 (R)

Dated, Chandigarh the 24th April, 2020

Copy forwarded to:

- 1. Commissioner, FDA, Punjab for information please.
- 2. MD, PHSC for information please.
- 3. Commissioner AYUSH cum PD-PSACS for information please.
- 4. Director Health Services, Punjab for information please.
- 5. Director Family Welfare, Punjab for information please.
- 6. Director (ESI), Punjab for information please.
- 7. All Civil Surgeons, Punjab for information & necessary action.

State Programme Officer (IEC) NHM, Punjab