



Who is required to go into isolation?

The goal of isolation is to reduce infection and contain the spread of COVID-19 in Israel. Isolation means avoiding contact with other people, including household members for the period specified in the Ministry of Health Director General Order.

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- Isolation of confirmed COVID-19 patients
- Symptomatic cases with a suspicion of a COVID-19 infection
- Isolation for asymptomatic contacts with a confirmed COVID-19 case
- Isolation for international passengers arriving in Israel
- Isolation of a caregiver of a dependent
- Isolation for people who tested "borderline positive" >
- People exempt from isolation
- Home isolation guidance
- Isolation duration and an option to shorten isolation
- Employee isolation benefits
- Open a dispute over an isolation order
- Updating isolation information
- A Permit to Exit and Return to Isolation
- Permission for Confirmed Cases and People in Isolation to Go Outdoors to Cast their Votes in the Primary Elections (Primaries)

Isolation for people who tested "borderline positive"



People who get tested for whatever reason and their test result is "borderline positive" are defined as suspected cases and are required to isolate at least until they receive the results of the next test.

It will be possible to complete isolation upon receiving a negative result of retesting, unless one is required to isolate for a different reason. If the test result is positive or borderline again – it will be considered a confirmed case.

Onset of symptoms

If you have symptoms related to COVID-19 within 14 days following contact with a confirmed COVID-19 case, even if both of you had protection, and even if both of you were not required to isolate or you have already completed a shorter isolation duration or for any other reason, you must go into isolation and get tested for COVID-19.

There is no need to go to the HMO clinic or the emergency room at the hospital, unless it is a medical emergency. In case of an emergency, call your HMO clinic or the hospital ahead and mention that a potential COVID-19 case is about to arrive.

[More info](#)

Previous page: [Isolation of a caregiver of a dependent](#) Next page: [People exempt from isolation](#)

More on the subject

[Report isolation after contact with a confirmed COVID-19 case](#)

[Isolation report for international inbound passengers](#)

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- > [COVID-19 frequently asked questions](#)
- > [Coping and a healthy routine](#)
- > [COVID-19 guidance](#)
- > [COVID-19 communication resources](#)
- > [Testing for COVID-19](#)
- > [Vaccination Certificate](#)

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- Culture, sports and tourism
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- Energy, environment and agriculture
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- Industry, commerce and communications
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