

هيئة الصحة بدبي DUBAI HEALTH AUTHORITY

قطاع التنظيم الصحي Health Regulation Sector

Document Type: Policy	Ref No: HRS/HPSD/ADRCV/1/2021	Version Number: 1			
Document Title: Adverse Drug	Effective Date: 15/02/2021	<b>Revision Date:</b> 15/02/2024			
Reaction Reporting For COVID-19					
Vaccine					

**Ownership:** Drug Control Section-Clinical Audit and Control Department

**Applicability:** All Health Facilities and Healthcare Professionals licensed under the jurisdiction of Dubai Health Authority.

## 1. Purpose:

1.1. To align with the Dubai Health Authority (DHA) vision, mission and strategic objective, to direct resources to ensure healthy and safe environment for Dubai population.

1.2. To assure efficacy, safety and quality of all COVID-19 Vaccines in the Emirate of Dubai.

- 1.3. To introduce a unified tool for reporting Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI) with COVID-19 vaccine across all DHA licensed health facilities.
- 1.4. To define the responsibilities of all individuals involved in the adverse drug reaction (ADR) reporting process.
- **1.5.** To provide a mechanism for identifying trends and subsequently introduce investigation and recommendations for improvement.

## 2. <u>Scope:</u>

- 2.1. Diagnosing and /or managing any adverse event or reaction following COVID-19 vaccination.
- 2.2. The process of identifying and reporting cases of Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI) with COVID-19 Vaccine.





## 3. Definitions and Abbreviations:

Adverse Reaction: Any unintended and unwanted effect or presentation that appears on the user of the medical product within the doses documented in the internal leaflet and the authorized uses within the marketing approval that occurs as a result of separate effects from those essential effects of the medical product.

A serious Adverse reaction: is one that requires inpatient hospitalization or prolongation of existing hospitalization, causes congenital malformation, result in persistent or significant disability or incapacity, is life threatening or result in death.

**Health Facility:** Any facility, owned and managed by natural or corporate body, provides medical services for individuals, including preventive, therapeutic and convalescent care services.

Healthcare Professional: is a natural person who is authorized and licensed by the DHA to practice

any of the healthcare professions in the Emirate.

**Medical Director:** A DHA licensed physician who manages and runs a health facility and has clinical oversight of a DHA licensed health facility and its clinical staff.

**Pharmacist in-charge:** A qualified and trained DHA licensed pharmacist or clinical pharmacist assigned by the health facility as a pharmacy manager. The pharmacist in-charge shall be responsible and accountable for all the pharmaceutical practices in the pharmacy including the Narcotics, controlled and semi-controlled medications.

ADRs : Adverse Drug Reactions

AEFI: Adverse Event Following Immunization

DHA : Dubai Health Authority





#### HRS : Health Regulation Sector

**MOHAP** : Ministry of Health and Prevention

## 4. Policy Statement:

- 4.1.All health facilities administering COVID-19 vaccines or managing any AEFI shall develop and implement internal policy and procedure for reporting process for any side effect, unpredicted adverse effect or serious adverse event related to COVID-19 vaccines based on DHA rules and regulation, Ministry of Health and Prevention (MOHAP) ministerial decrees and UAE federal laws.
- 4.2. The health facility shall ensure the awareness of all healthcare staff on the ADR monitoring and reporting program.
  - 4.3.The health facility shall implement an ongoing and concurrent surveillance system to identify potential AEFI.
  - 4.4.Patient monitoring following Immunization for COVID-19 vaccines may include a collaborative approach between patient care providers, physicians, pharmacists, the patient and the family or caregivers.
  - 4.5.Monitoring and assessing the potential side effect of the vaccine includes direct observation of the patient's physiological response to the vaccine administered and any problems or adverse effects associated with the vaccine.
  - 4.6. Healthcare professionals should counsel the patient for any Adverse Drug Reactions (ADRs).
  - 4.7. The DHA licensed treating physician must take full responsibility for any AEFI.
  - 4.8.Physician/nursing staff/paramedical staff are responsible to report to the pharmacist/deputy in charge the identified AEFI.





- 4.9.Confidentiality of the ADR records shall be ensured by the responsible Healthcare professionals.
- 4.10. All reported AEFI should be evaluated and any required medical action shall be taken by the

health facility.

- 4.11. The facility Medical Director will evaluate all data related to AEFI.
- 4.12. The health facility shall follow the below steps for reporting AEFI:
  - 4.12.1. Health facilities with access to HASANA shall report through the platform.
    - a. Training to use the platform and report will be delivered by the HASANA team.
  - 4.12.2. Health facilities that does not have access to HASANA, shall complete filing the ADRReporting Form (Appendix 1).
  - 4.12.3. Submit the form by the pharmacist in-charge or deputy in-charge via:

## AEFICOVID19@dha.gov.ae

- a. AEFI of COVID-19 vaccines shall be reported within five (5) calendar days.
- b. Serious adverse reactions, following COVID-19 vaccines shall be reported within forty eight (48) Hrs.
- 4.13. An advisory committee constituted at DHA will provide recommendations and may initiate further actions on the reported cases.
- 4.14. Based on the advisory committee recommendation, DHA will follow up with all the concerned parties and decide whether actions need to be taken in the light of the information obtained.
- 4.15. All health facilities and professionals are required to follow the UAE MOHAP Guidelines in Good
   Vigilance Practice (GVP) 2018 For Marketing Authorization Holders/Pharmaceutical
   Manufacturers in UAE, which includes the updated methods for reporting the side effects and





adverse reactions of medical products, which are registered, marketed, and used in public and

private health institutions in the UAE.

4.16. For further information, contact DHA at: <u>AEFICOVID19@dha.gov.ae</u>

## 5. <u>References</u>

5.1. ASHP. January (2021). COVID-19 Vaccine Security, Storage, and Handling Resource Guide.

5.2. Dubai Health Authority (2013). Dubai Community Pharmacy Licensure and Pharmaceutical

Practices Guideline. Available on:

https://www.dha.gov.ae/Documents/Regulations/Dubai%20Community%20Pharmacy%20Lice

nsure%20and%20Pharmaceutical%20Practices%20Guide.pdf (accessed 27 January 2021).

- 5.3. Federal Law No. (8) of (2019). Concerning Medical products, Pharmacy profession and Pharmacies.
- 5.4. Ministry of Health and Prevention Guidelines (2018). Concerning Good Vigilance Practice (GVP)

For Marketing Authorization Holders / Pharmaceutical Manufacturers in UAE.

- 5.5. USP January (2021). Version 2.0. COVID-19 Vaccine Handling Toolkit: Operational Considerations for Healthcare Practitioners.
- 5.6. Zolezzi M. Parsotam N. The University of Auckland (2005), Adverse drug reaction reporting in New Zealand: implications for pharmacists.



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## 6. Appendix

## 6.1. Appendix (1) Adverse Drug Reaction Reporting Form

**Facility Details:** 

Facility name	
Facility ID	

#### **Patient Details:**

Full Name			
Emirates ID No.			
Hospital MRN No.			
DOB	Age	Gender (M/F)	Nationality

#### Vaccination Details:

Name of HCP who administered the vaccine	
Vaccination Date	
Product Name	
Lot Number(If applicable)	
Lot Expiry date(If applicable)	
Onset time interval (hours, days, weeks)	

#### **Event Details:**

Date of the adverse event					
reported (DD/MM/YYYY)					
Source of information for this event	Client Guardian		Healthcare Provider		
Vaccine dose	□ First dose		□ Second dose		
Presenting Symptoms	□ Fever	□ Fatigue	Convulsion	□ Skin reaction	
	Headache	Muscle ache	Vomiting	Cough	
	Joint pain	🗆 Diarrhea	□ None		
Local Reaction at or near	Redness	🗆 🗆 Ter	nderness	□ None	
injection site	□ Swelling		ning		



# قطاع التنظيم الصحي



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Neurological events:		□ Seizures		Paresthesia
	Quadriplegia			Bell's Palsy
	Meningitis			Lower limb weakness
	□ Stroke			Paralysis Unspecified
	Demyelination			Numbness
		Multiple Sclerosis		Other Reaction
		Encephalopathy/Encephalitis		Hemiplegia
		Fibromyalgia		None
		Guillain-Barre Syndrome (GBS)		
Presenting Reactions		A neurovascular reaction (vasovagal syncope) that leads to fainting in an adolescent during/following vaccination		Myocardial infarction
				Right axillary lymphadenopathy
		<ul> <li>Hypersensitivity reactions</li> <li>Paroxysmal Vent</li> <li>Arrhythmia</li> </ul>		Paroxysmal Ventricular Arrhythmia
	□ Systemic Lupus □ Chest Pain Erythematosus		Chest Pain	
		□ Vasculitis □ Short breath		Short breath
		<ul> <li>Immune thrombocytopenia</li> <li>None of the above purpura (ITP)</li> </ul>		None of the above
	□ Myocarditis □ Shoulder injury relate		Shoulder injury related to vaccination (SIRVA)	
Other Reactions, Specify with				. ,
details:				



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Cause Code:	A. Vaccine	A. Vaccine product related D. Immunization anxiety	
	reaction	reaction related reaction	
	□ B. Vaccine	quality defect-	E. Coincidental event
	related reaction		
	🛛 C. Program	matic Error [	□ F. Inadequate Information
	related read	ction	to classify
Reaction Type	□ Minor	[	□ Serious or Severe
Initial Outcome	□ Referred to	other facility (emergency	or hospital)
	Kept under	short stay observation	
	🛛 Hospitaliza	tion for observation or inte	ervention
	ICU Hospit	alization	
Final outcome	□ Recovered		
	Disability		
	Died		
	Discharged	without full recovery, with	outpatient follow up
	□ Discharged under home		
Management of the event			